## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 4, 6, 18, 19, 21 and 28.

Please cancel claim 23.

- 1. (Previously Amended) Switch for the optical switching of a light path, particularly for switching the entering of light into a fiber-optical light guide, the switch having at least one mirror surface for reflecting the light, a support being equipped with a reflective layer for establishing the mirror surface, wherein the support is a glass body and wherein the at least one mirror surface for reflecting the light is arranged on a swiveling switch body.
- 2. (Previously Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein a mirror element comprising the at least one mirror surface and the glass body is cut out of a glass plate provided with at least one reflective layer.
- 3. (Previously Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein the glass body is provided on both sides with a reflective layer.
- 4. (Currently Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein the glass body has a thickness of approximately 0.02 to 0.7 mm, particularly of approximately 0.1 to 0.5 mm.

- 5. (Previously Amended) Switch according Claim 1, wherein the reflective layer is applied to the support by means of a vacuum coating method which is known per se.
- 6. (Currently Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein the reflective layer is constructed as a highly reflective layer, preferably made of Au, Ag or A1.
- 7. (Previously Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein the reflective layer is protected by a protective layer.
- 8. (Previously Amended) Switch according to Claim 7, wherein the protective layer is essentially formed of  $SiO_2$ ,  $SiO_X$ ,  $MgF_2$ ,  $ThF_4$  or similar stable hard dielectric oxides, nitrides or fluorides.
- 9. (Previously Amended) Switch according to Claim 7,wherein the protective layer can be produced by a vacuum technique.
  - 10. (Cancelled).
  - 11. (Cancelled).

- 12. (Previously Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein the switch body is produced from a material which can be cast or injection molded.
- 13. (Previously Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein the support is arranged on an essentially cuboid-shaped switch body in a surface-flush manner in a recess.
- 14. (Currently Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein the support is inserted at an essentially cuboid-shaped switch body approximately at a level of medium deepness, preferably in a form closure.
- 15. (Previously Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein the support projects from the switch body approximately in the manner of a lug.
- 16. (Previously Amended) Switch according to Claim 1, wherein support is glued to the switch body.
- 17. (Previously Added) Switch according to Claim 2, wherein the glass body is provided on both sides with a reflective layer.

- 18. (Currently Amended) Switch according to Claim 2, wherein the glass body has thickness of approximately 0.02 to 0.7mm, particularly of approximately 0.1 to 0.5 mm.
- 19. (Currently Amended) Switch according to Claim 3, wherein the glass body a thickness of approximately 0.02 to 0.7 mm, particularly of approximately 0.1 to 0.5 mm.
- 20. (Original) Switch according to Claim 2, wherein the reflective layer is applied to the support by means of a vacuum coating method which is known per se.
- 21. (Currently Amended) Switch according to Claim 17, wherein the reflective layer is constructed as a highly reflective layer, preferably made of Au, Ag or A1.
- 22. (Original) Switch according to Claim 17, wherein the reflective layer is protected by a protective layer.
  - 23. (Cancelled).

24. (Previously Amended) A method of making a switch for the optical switching of a light path, particularly for switching the entering of light into a fiber-optical light guide, the switch having at least one mirror surface for reflecting the light, a support being equipped with a reflective layer for establishing the mirror surface, wherein said support is a glass body, and wherein the at least one mirror surface for reflecting light is arranged on a swiveling switch body,

said method comprising forming the support by cutting a glass body out of glass plate provided with at least one reflective layer and arranging said support on said swiveling switch body.

- 25. (Original) A method of making a switch according to Claim 24, wherein the glass body is provided on both sides with a reflective layer.
- 26. (Previously Amended) A method of making a switch according to Claim 24, wherein the glass body has a thickness of between 0.02 mm and 0.7 mm.
- 27. (Previously Amended) A method of making a switch according to Claim 26, wherein the glass body has a thickness of between 0.1 mm and 0.5 mm.

- 28. (Currently Amended) A method of making a switch according to Claim 24, wherein the reflective layer is constructed as a highly reflective layer, preferably made of Au, Ag or A1.
- 29. (Original) A method of making a switch according to Claim 28, wherein the reflective layer is protected by a protective layer.
- 30. (Original) A method of making a switch according to Claim 29, wherein the protective layer is essentially formed in SiO<sub>2</sub>, SiO<sub>x</sub>, MgF<sub>2</sub>, ThF<sub>4</sub> or similar stable hard dielectric oxides, nitrides or fluorides.
  - 31. (Cancelled).

## **IN THE DRAWINGS:**

Attached are corrected Figures 1a-1b, 2a-2b, and 5a-5b to comply with the requirements indicated that item 1 of the patent Office Action.